

# *BoilerMate III*

An open vented central heating and mains pressure  
hot water supply system incorporating  
a thermal store

## Design, Installation and Servicing Instructions

PLEASE LEAVE THESE  
INSTRUCTIONS ADJACENT TO THE  
APPLIANCE.

ALL MODELS COMPLY WITH THE WATER  
HEATER MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATION  
FOR INTEGRATED THERMAL STORES.



## GLEDHILL BOILERMATE III SPECIFICATION

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These instructions should be read in conjunction with the installation and servicing instructions issued by the manufacturer of the heat source e.g. the boiler used. Any water distribution and central heating installation must comply with the relevant recommendations of the Regulations and British Standards listed below:-

**Regulations**

- Gas Safety Regulations
- Building Regulations
- I.E.E Wiring Regulations
- Bylaws of the Local Water Undertaking

**British Standards**

- BS6798, BS5449, BS5546, BS5440:1, BS5440:2,  
CP331:3, BS6700, BS5258 and BS7593:1992

A competent person as stated in the Gas Safety Regulations must install the BoilerMate heating system. The manufacturer's notes must not be taken as overriding statutory obligations.

The BoilerMate III is not covered by section G3 of the current Building Regulations and is therefore not notifiable to Building Control.

Although the domestic water supply to the BoilerMate III is at mains pressure, it is not necessary to fit an expansion vessel, pressure or temperature relief valve.

The BoilerMate III is only suitable for use with an open vented primary i.e. central heating system.

The information in this manual is provided to assist generally in the selection of equipment. The responsibility for the selection and specification of the equipment must however remain that of the customer and any users or consultants concerned with the design and installation.

**Please Note:** We do not therefore accept any responsibility for matters of design, selection or specification or for the effectiveness of an installation containing one of our products.

All goods are sold subject to our Conditions of Sale, which are set out at the rear of this manual.

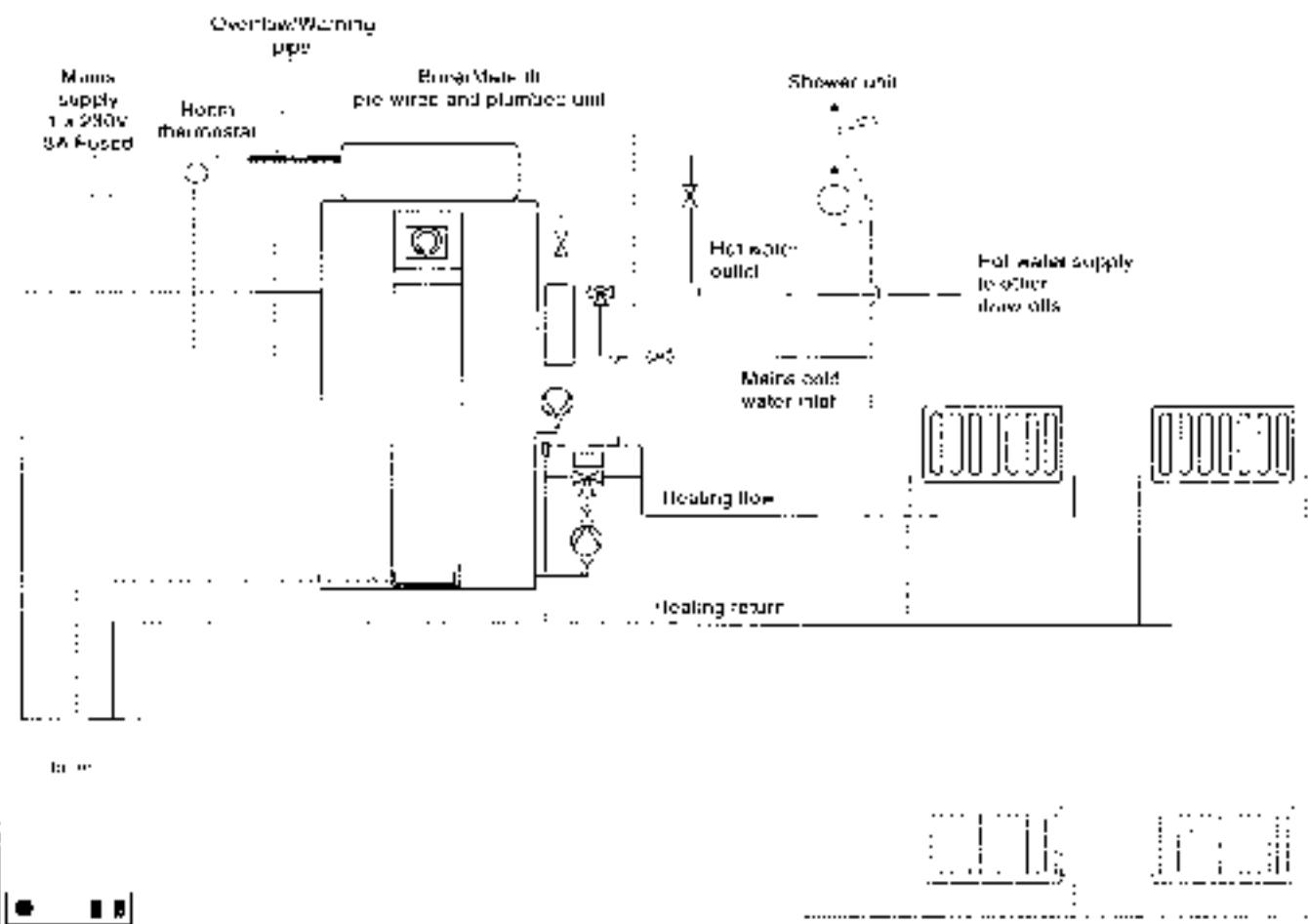
In the interest of continuously improving the BoilerMate range, Gledhill Water Storage Ltd reserve the right to modify the product without notice, and in these circumstances this document, which is accurate at the time of printing, should be disregarded.

**The Gledhill BoilerMate range is a WBS listed product developed in conjunction with British Gas.**

*This product is manufactured under a BS EN ISO9002 Quality System audited by BSI.*

# DESCRIPTION

TYPICAL SCHEMATIC OF BOILERMATE III SYSTEM FIGURE 1.1



# DESCRIPTION

## INTRODUCTION

The BoilerMate III shown schematically in Figure 1.1, is designed and used to provide improved space heating as well as a mains pressure hot water supply system with any remotely sited boiler. A report by the Cranfield Institute of Technology found that heat storage systems give a potential for energy savings of between 5% and 15%.

The principle of a BoilerMate III is to separate the heat generator e.g. a boiler from heat emitters by a thermal store, which evens out the fluctuating demands for heating and hot water. Thus by storing energy produced when the demand is low and discharging it when the demand is high (i.e. during warm up or when hot water is drawn off), a smaller boiler can be used.

An important feature of this concept is that hot water can be supplied directly from the mains at conventional flow rates without the need for temperature and pressure relief safety valves or expansion vessels. This is achieved by passing the mains water through a plate heat exchanger. The outlet temperature of the domestic hot water is maintained by a printed circuit board, which controls the speed of the pump circulating the primary water from the store through the plate heat exchanger.

Any automatic boiler of up to a maximum of 30kW (about 100,000BTU) can be linked to any suitable model of BoilerMate III (see Table 1.1, page 7) and the deciding factor is the space heating and the hot water requirements of a dwelling.

## THERMAL STORE

The copper thermal store contains primary water, which is maintained at a temperature close to the maximum boiler flow temperature in winter.

It is efficiently insulated with 'Rockwool' CFC free insulation and cased in a steel case to minimise standing losses.

## DOMESTIC HOT WATER

### Cold Water Supply

The BoilerMate III units are designed to be fed directly from the mains water supply as shown schematically in Figure 1.2. They fulfil the requirements of Water Bylaw 91, and therefore do not require a check valve to be fitted to the supply pipe.

The performance of the BoilerMate III is directly related to the adequacy of the cold water supply to the dwelling. This must be capable of providing for those services, which could be required to be supplied simultaneously, and this maximum demand should be calculated using procedures defined in BS6700.

BoilerMate will operate at pressures as low as 1 bar and this must be available when the local demand is at its maximum, but the preferred range is between 2 and 3 bar.

As a general guideline, although a 15mm external service may be sufficient for smaller dwellings with one bathroom, a 22mm service (25mm MDPE) is preferred and should be the minimum for larger dwellings.

If a water meter is fitted in the service pipe, it should have a nominal rating to match the maximum hot and cold water peak demand calculated in accordance with BS 3700. This could be up to 50l/min in some properties.

The unit must be fitted strictly in accordance with the requirements of the local Water Undertaking who should be consulted prior to the installation. In the event of any difficulty please contact us as the manufacturers.

The equipment used in the system should be suitable for a working pressure of 8 bar and approved by the WBS or other relevant standard. If this is not the case a pressure limiting valve will be required which is suitable for the items of equipment with the lowest maximum working pressure.

We recommend that a lockshield pattern gate valve is fitted on the cold inlet to the appliance. This can be used for isolating/maintenance purposes or in areas of high pressure can be used to control the flow through the appliance to 30 litres/minute.

### Safety Fittings

It is not necessary to fit control and safety equipment normally associated with mains pressure hot water storage appliances e.g. temperature and pressure relief valves and expansion vessel.

BoilerMate III is WBS listed and a non-return valve is not required. However if the ancillary equipment fitted in the supply to these appliances require a non-return valve then the valve must be fitted directly after the branch to the drinking water i.e. a kitchen sink as shown schematically in Figure 1.2.

### Domestic Hot Water Flow Rates

Provided the pipe sizing and the supply pressure is adequate the hot water flow rate should be up to 35l/min. for all models (see Table 1.1).

The domestic hot water outlet temperature is regulated to approximately 52°C by the electronic control system and is not user adjustable. However different factory settings are available for special applications e.g. old peoples homes.

# DESCRIPTION

## Use in Hard Water Areas

There are two options for the pump speed control. Option 'H' must be used in hard water areas above 200ppm. Option 'S' can be used in soft water areas below 200ppm.

A patented control system within the Option 'H' microprocessor offers a more sophisticated level of pump speed control and will help prevent the formation of scale.

Both options ('H' or 'S') prevent domestic hot water from exceeding 55°C for most of the operational times of the appliance.

It is not necessary to fit any form of scale inhibiting equipment in the domestic cold water supply to the BoilerMate when using option 'H'.

If scale should become a problem the plate heat exchanger is easily isolated and can be replaced with a service exchange unit.

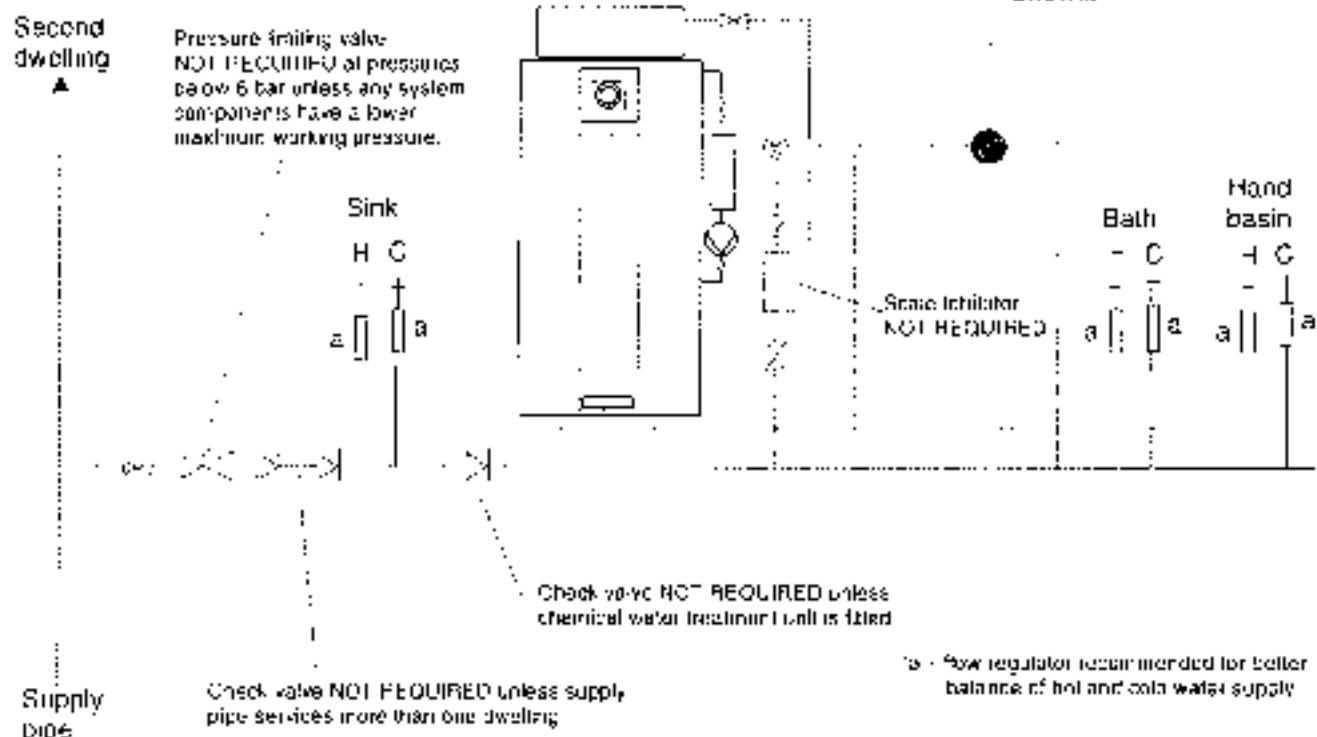


Figure 1.2 Typical hot and cold water distribution network

# DESCRIPTION

## ELECTRICAL CONTROLS

Mounted in the front panel are two printed circuit boards: one for pump speed control of Domestic Hot Water, the other for wiring all system components (see diagram on page 18).

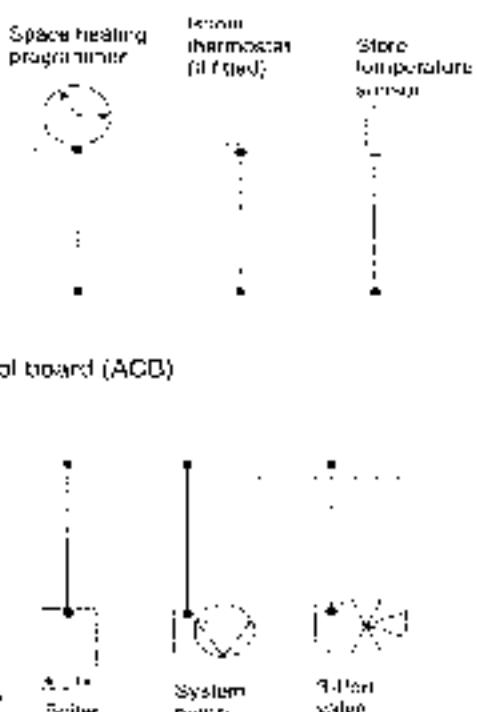


Figure 1.4 BoilerMate III Standard Control Package

## CONTROLS

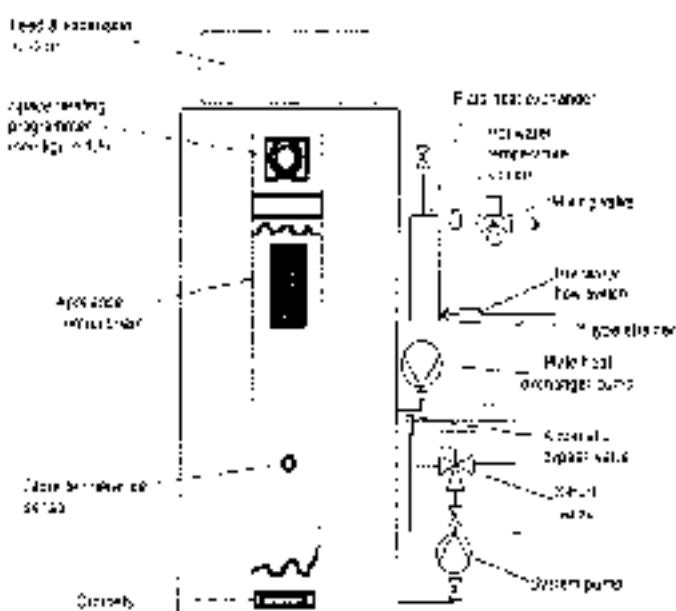


Figure 1.3 Standard BoilerMate II Package

## PACKAGED CONTROL SYSTEM

### Standard Equipment

The standard configuration of the BoilerMate II is shown in Figure 1.3. The two printed circuit boards mounted inside the appliance control the operation of the complete system. The system control PCB also acts as the wiring centre for the components. The connection arrangement of the BoilerMate III is shown in Figure 1.4. It is supplied with the following factory fitted equipment:-

1. Boiler/Space heating system pump
2. Domestic hot water primary (plate heat exchanger) pump
3. Automatic heating system bypass valve
4. Appliance control board (ACB)
5. 3-Port flow share valve
6. Electric-mechanical clock (Figure 1.5) to control the space heating (in conjunction with room thermostat if fitted).
7. Plate heat exchanger.
8. DHWS flow switch.
9. DHWS temperature sensor
10. DHW mixing valve.
11. Y type strainer.

# DESCRIPTION

## Optional Equipment

- A seven-day digital clock/programmer (Figure 1.5) to control the space heating (in conjunction with a room thermostat if fitted);
- A kit to site the clock/programmers shown in Figure 1.5 remotely;
- An alarm option – to be used with any two channel clock for controlling both the operation of the space heating (in conjunction with a room thermostat if fitted) and the charging of the thermal store.

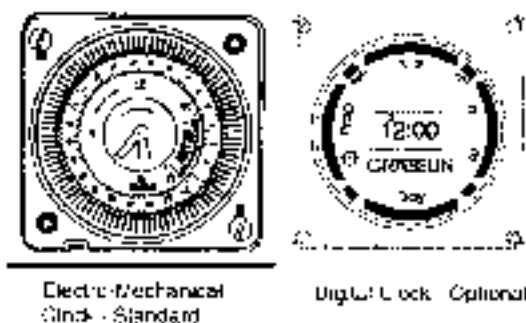


Figure 1.5 Front Panel Mounted Clock Options for BoilerMate III

## ELECTRIC IMMERSION HEATER

If an electric immersion heater is fitted then it must:-

1. Be set to operate at 75°C
2. Be wired to a separate 13A fused and switchable power supply
3. Not be wired into any of the terminals on the appliance printed circuit boards.

This can be supplied at the time of order as an extra.

Replacement immersion heaters should be obtained only from Glenmill Water Storage Ltd.

## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

The principal dimensions of the BoilerMate III model range are shown in Figure 1.6 and the technical specification of the units is given in Table 1.1.

# DESCRIPTION

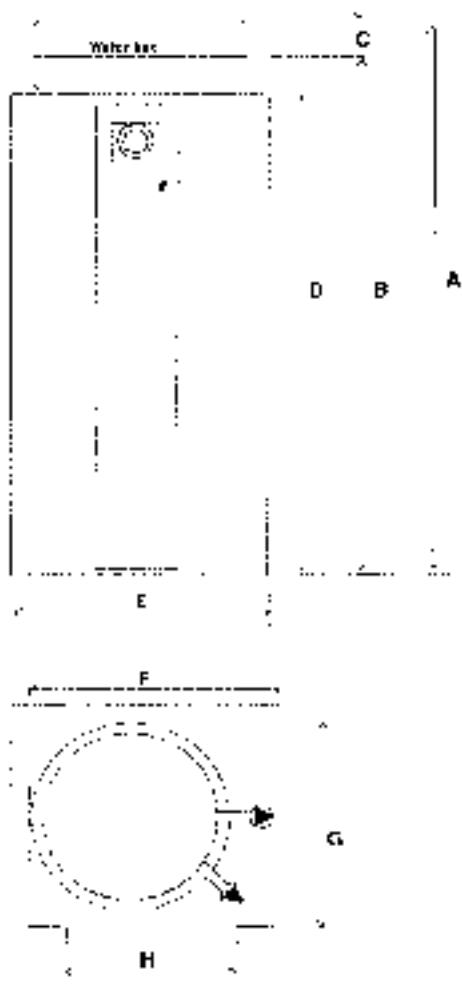
**Table 1.1 Technical specification of BoilerMate III**

	<b>BM120</b>	<b>BM140</b>	<b>BM180</b>	<b>BM200</b>	<b>BM220</b>
Overall dimensions at store (height x diameter)	1425 x 475	1425 x 500	1445 x 550	1650 x 560	1765 x 550
Minimum cupboard size (width x depth)	700 x 650	715 x 600	770 x 650	770 x 650	770 x 650
Primary store capacity (l)	100	115	145	175	190
Weight (kg)					
▪ Empty	39	41	40	52	60
▪ Full	139	156	191	227	250
Pipe connections	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ All pipe connections 22mm copper compression fittings</li> <li>▪ Drain connection : R 1/2"</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ All pipe connections 28mm copper compression fittings</li> <li>▪ Drain: R 1/2"</li> </ul>		
Maximum working head - Thermal store	6m – suitable for open system only				
Maximum working pressure - Domestic hot water	8 bar				
Hm: water flow rate (l/min)	25	35	35	35	35
Maximum boiler size (kW)	15	20	20	30	30
Pumps					
▪ System	Grundfos UPS 15-50				
▪ Plate heat exchanger	Grundfos UPS 15-50				
3-Port valve	22mm Danfoss HS3 DB22				
Typical dwelling types					
▪ Bedrooms	2 - 3	2 - 3	2 - 4	3 - 4	3 - 5
▪ Bathrooms	1 or	1	1	2	2
▪ En-suite shower rooms	1	1	2	2	3

## NOTES

- The flow rates are for 35°C average temperature rise and assume normal pressure and adequate flow to the appliance.
- All units are supplied complete with an integral feed and expansion cistern. This is easily removed from any model and repositioned remotely up to maximum of 6m above the base of the store if necessary.
- The feed and expansion cistern will fit in any space greater than 500mm high by 500mm square which includes the necessary allowance for ballvalve servicing.
- Any pattern BoilerMate III can be specified 'CT' for use with dual boilers e.g. gas and solid fuel.
- With integrated thermal storage, it is important to note that hot water and heating loads can be supplied simultaneously.
- All BoilerMate III's meet the appropriate requirements of the WMA Specification for Integrated Thermal Stores.
- For hard water areas use suffix 'H'; for soft water areas use suffix 'S' after the model number, e.g. BM120H = BoilerMate III model 120 for hard water area.
- Non standard sizes are available to suit smaller cupboard dimensions.
- 28mm 3 Port valve and primary connections and/or a Grundfos 15/60 system pump can be provided for the 120, 140 and 180 models at additional cost.
- All BoilerMate models can be provided for a 10m working head.

# SYSTEM DESIGN



Model	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
BM120	1425	1263	150	1145	475	700	660	600
BM140	1425	1263	150	1145	500	715	660	625
BM190	1445	1275	150	1145	550	720	660	675
BM200	1455	1285	150	1395	550	720	660	675
BM220	1765	1600	150	1270	550	720	660	675

Note: BoilerMate III is normally supplied with the components shown in the right hand diagram unless otherwise specified when ordered.

A minimum of 20mm should be provided to allow access to the service for servicing and adjustment in accordance with the model type size.

**Figure 1.6 Principal dimensions of BoilerMate III  
(See also Table 1.1)**

## METHOD OF BOILER SIZING

The efficiency of this system is such that special design criteria apply when calculating the boiler size. It is only necessary to calculate the heating requirements in accordance with BS 5449 and add the following allowances for hot water, which are approximately half the traditional allowances.

Up to 1 bathroom and 1 shower : 1.5kW

Up to 2 bathrooms and 2 showers : 3.0kW

Up to 3 bathrooms and 3 showers : 4.0kW

The primary pipework connecting the boiler and the thermal store should be sized to achieve a maximum of 1°C rise across the boiler or the maximum temperature rise specified by the boiler manufacturer, whichever is smaller but in any instance it should not be less than 22mm copper tube.

*Note: There should be no valves in the pipework connecting the boiler to the BoilerMate III.*

## SYSTEM TEMPERATURES

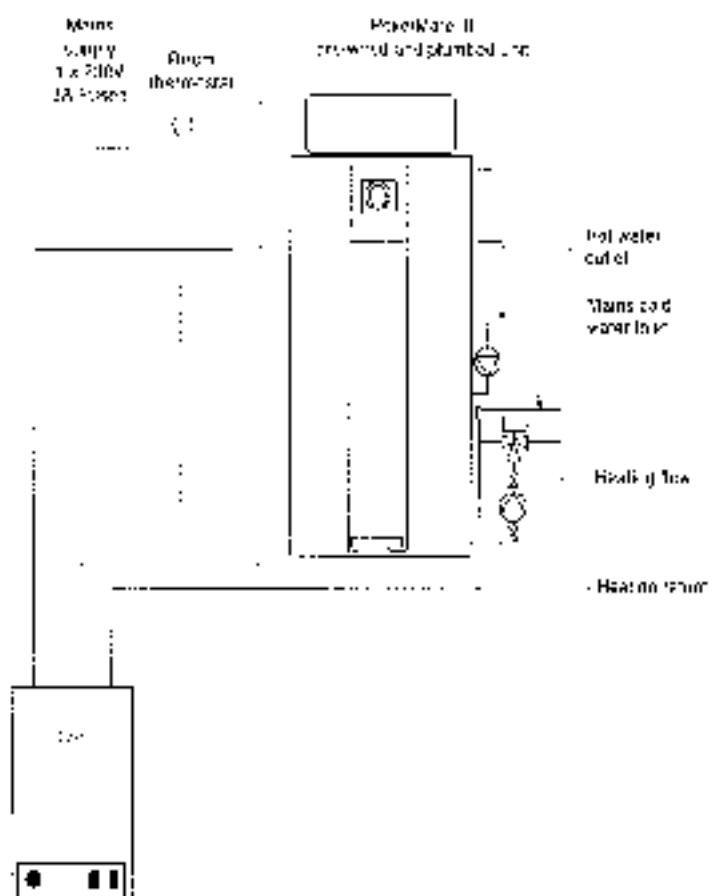
The heating circuit operates on the normal primary boiler temperatures i.e. 82°C flow and 71°C return. Therefore any traditional hot water radiators or conectors can be used with this system and no special over-sizing of the heat emitters is necessary.

## SYSTEM LAYOUTS

The BoilerMate III is supplied as a factory fitted and pre-wired package consisting of:-

1. Boiler/space heating pump
2. Domestic hot water primary pump
3. Automatic heating bypass valve
4. Appliance control board (ACB)
5. 3-Port flow share valve
6. Electro-mechanical clock to control the space heating (in conjunction with room thermostat if fitted).
7. Plate heat exchanger.
8. DHWS flow switch.
9. DHWS temperature sensor
10. DHW mixing valve.
11. Y type strainer.

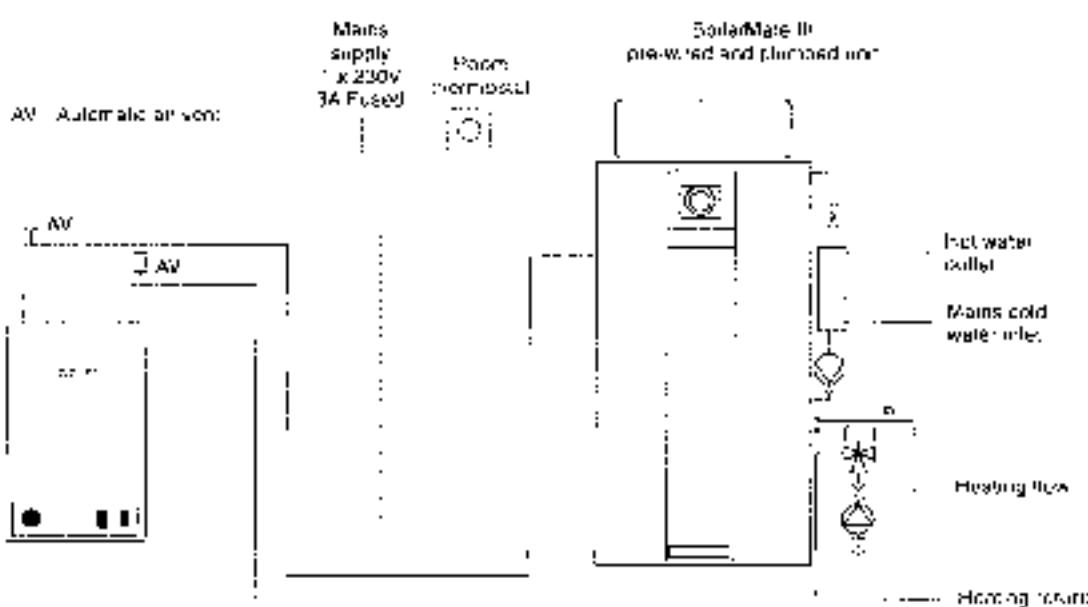
# SYSTEM DESIGN



**Figure 2.1Boiler sited below BoilerMate**

Boiler must be fitted with overheat thermostat.

The F & E circuit must be fitted at a height which will provide the minimum head required for the boiler.



**Figure 2.2Arrangement with dipped flow and return**

# SYSTEM DESIGN

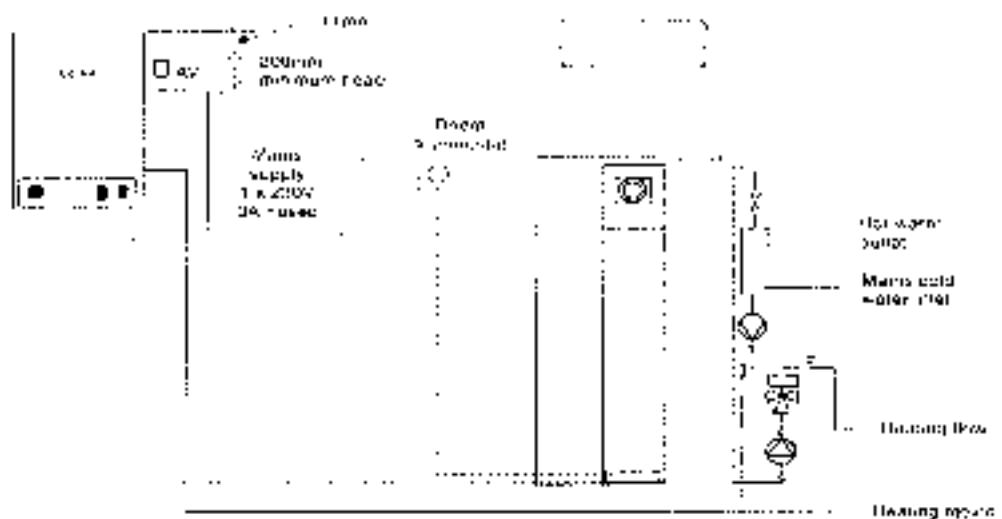


Figure 2.3 Low Head Installation using Baxi-Solo 2 Boiler

## Boiler with Dipped Flow & Return Pipes to BoilerMate III

If the flow and return pipes between the boiler and the BoilerMate III are dipped, then the boiler **must be fitted with an overheat thermostat**. In these circumstances the automatic air vents should be fitted as shown in Figure 2.2.

In situations where the headroom is restricted (e.g. in a flat), the boiler manufacturer's instructions will regard to minimum head must be followed. For example, a 'Baxi Solo 2' boiler may be installed in accordance with Figure 2.3. The feed and expansion cistern may be left attached to the store and the whole BoilerMate III raised on a platform to give the required working head.

## Boiler Sited above BoilerMate III

If the boiler is above the BoilerMate III as shown in Figure 2.4, the F&E cistern can be detached from the BoilerMate III and sited at a higher level to give at least the minimum working head required for the boiler. However the height of the water level in the F&E cistern from the base of the store should be no greater than 6m.

In this system configuration a gravity check valve is necessary as shown in Figure 2.4 to prevent gravity circulation between the BoilerMate III and the boiler during dormant periods.

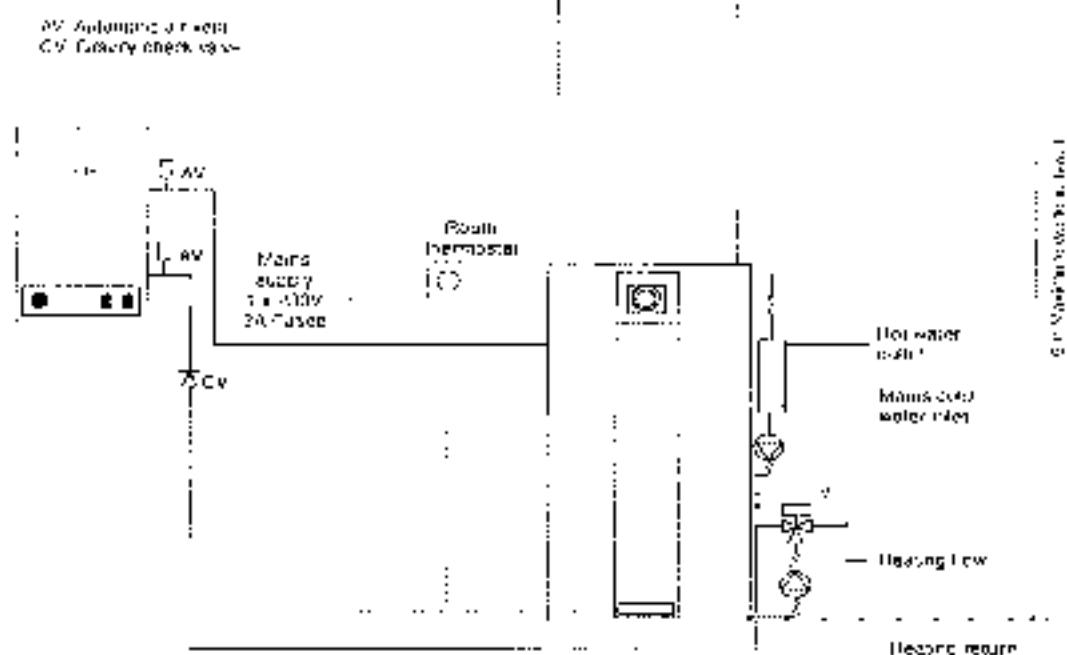


Figure 2.4 Boiler Sited Above the Level of BoilerMate  
Boiler must be fitted with an overheat thermostat

## GENERAL GUIDANCE NOTES ON SYSTEM DESIGN

### Heating System

A schematic layout of the heating system in a typical small dwelling is shown in Figure 2.6.

1. If heating of a bathroom radiator or towel rail is required in summer then it can be piped as a gravity circuit shown schematically in Figure 2.5. The flow pipe to the radiator can be taken into the safety open vent pipe and the return pipe from the radiator can be connected to the store drain connection and the drain moved to the return pipe.
2. If the boiler is fitted at a higher level than a BoilerMate III then it may be necessary to fit a gravity check valve in the primary circuit to prevent reverse circulation during dormant periods.

3. All units come complete with their own feed and expansion cistern. The water level in this tank should be at least 250mm above the highest point on the system including the radiators.
4. The BoilerMate III is only suitable for an open system. The F & E cistern may be detached from the unit and fitted remotely up to 6m above the base of the BoilerMate III i.e. the maximum static pressure in the store must not exceed 0.6bar.
5. The overflow/warning pipe should be installed in material suitable for heating system feed and expansion cisterns in accordance with BS 6449.

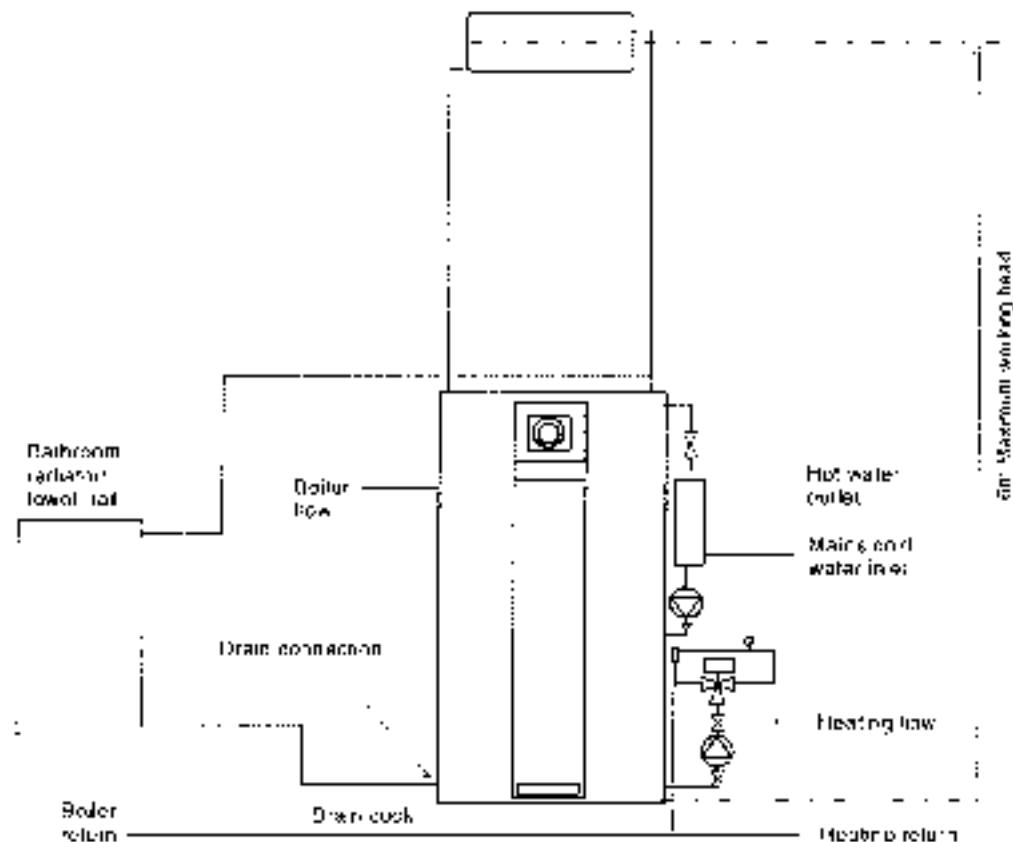


Figure 2.5 Arrangement for Connecting Bathroom Radiator or towel Rail Heated by Gravity Circulation

# SYSTEM DESIGN

6. An automatic bypass is fitted on the BoilerMate III to compensate for pressure (i.e. flow rate) changes in the heating circuit e.g. when the thermostatic radiator valves close. The system does not require any other bypass valves
7. The performance characteristics of the system pumps is given in Figures 2.6 and 2.6a.

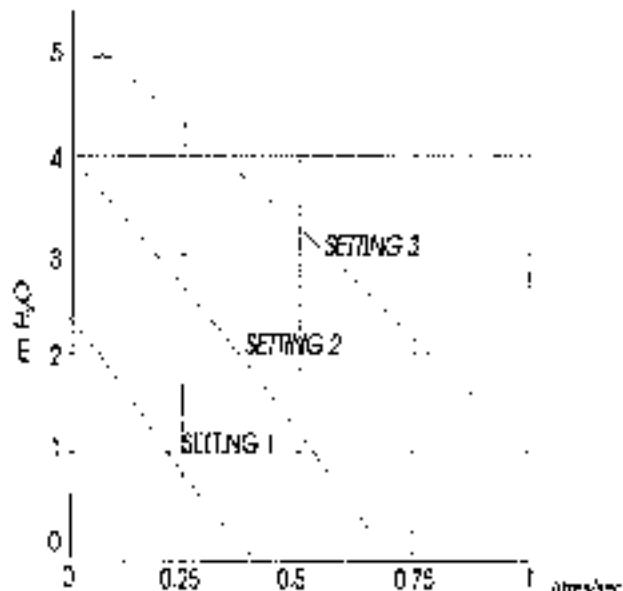


Figure 2.6 Performance Characteristics of Grundfos UPS 15-Su Pump

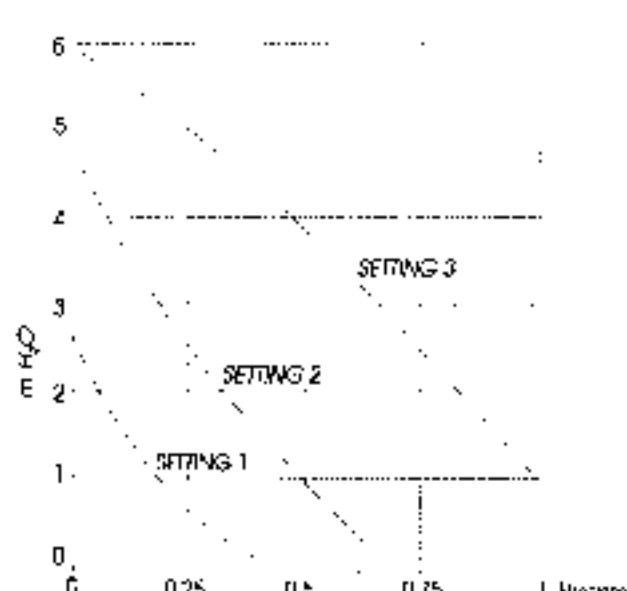


Figure 2.6a Performance Characteristics of Grundfos UPS 15-E0 Pump

## COUPLING GAS AND SOLID FUEL BOILERS TO BOILERMATE

Existing or new solid fuel open fires with a back boiler or a solid fuel boiler can be connected to the BoilerMate III, however if required please discuss this with our Technical Department.

# SYSTEM DESIGN

## HOT AND COLD WATER SERVICES

A schematic layout of the hot and cold water services in a typical small dwelling is shown in Figure 2.9. BoilerMate III will operate at mains pressures as low as 1 bar and as high as 6 bar although the preferred range is 2-3 bar. It is also important to check that all other equipment and components in the hot and cold water system are capable of accepting the mains pressure available to the property. If the mains pressure can rise above the maximum working pressure of any item of equipment or component to be fitted in the system a suitable pressure limiting (reducing) valve will be required.

### Taps and Valves

1. Aerated taps are recommended to prevent splashing.

### Pipe Sizing

To achieve even distribution of the available supply of hot and cold water, it is important in any mains pressure system that the piping in a dwelling should be sized in accordance with BS6700. This is particularly important in a large property with more than one bathroom. However the following rule of thumb guide lines should be adequate for most typical property types:-

1. A 15mm copper or equivalent external service may be sufficient for a small 1 bathroom dwelling (depending upon the flow rate available), but the minimum size for larger dwellings must be 22mm (25mm MDPE).
2. The internal cold feed from the main incoming stop tap to the BoilerMate should be run in 22mm p.p.e. The hot draw-off should also be run in 22mm as far as the branch to the bath tap.
3. The final branches to the hand basins and sinks should be in 10mm and to the shower in 15mm.
4. The final branches to taps in existing properties, which are in 15mm, should be restricted to balance the flow to each outlet.
5. We would recommend that best results for a balanced system are achieved by fitting appropriate flow regulators to each hot and cold outlet (see Appendix).
6. For properties where the inlet pressure is high and the flow rates may exceed 30 L/min at any bath hot tap the installer must fit a lockshield pattern gate valve at the cold inlet to the appliance. This should then be adjusted to restrict the maximum flow rate to 30 L/min.

### Showers

1. Any type of shower mixing valve can be used as long as both the hot and cold supplies are mains fed. However, **PRESSURE COMPENSATING** shower mixing valves are proven to give better control when more than one fitting are open simultaneously and are therefore **STRONGLY RECOMMENDED**. Thermostatic versions are preferable.
2. The hot water supply to a shower mixing valve should be fed wherever practical directly from the BoilerMate III or be the first draw-off point on the hot circuit.
3. The cold supply to a shower mixing valve should be fed directly from the rising mains via an independent branch.
4. **Fixed head type showers:** No back-syphonage arrangements are necessary.

5. **Loose or Flexible head type showers:** If a loose head shower with a flexible hose is used over a bath then:-
  - The hose must be fixed so that the head cannot fall closer than 25mm above the top edge of the bath as specified in the Byelaw 16 of the Model Water Supply Bye-laws.

Or

5. The shower must incorporate or be fitted with the necessary check valves to provide back-syphonage protection in accordance with the Model Water Supply Bye-laws.

### Bidets

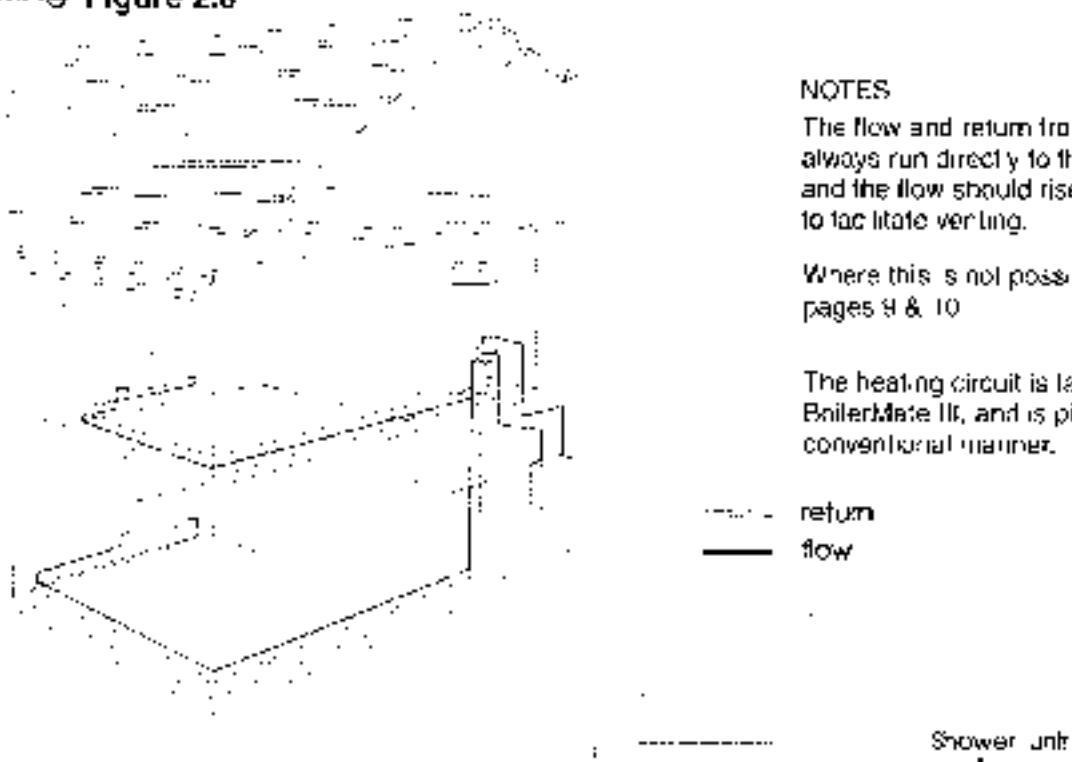
1. The supply of hot and cold mains water directly to a bidet is permitted provided that it is of the over-flow flushing type and that a type 'A' air gap is incorporated.
2. It must not include either an ascending spray or provision to attach a hand spray.

### Plastic Pipework

This appliance is suitable for use with plastic pipework as long as the material is recommended for the purpose by the manufacturer and is installed fully in accordance with their recommendations. We recommend the use of barrier pipe, which will mean the system can have British Gas service cover in regions offering this service.

# SYSTEM DESIGN

**Heating Figure 2.8**



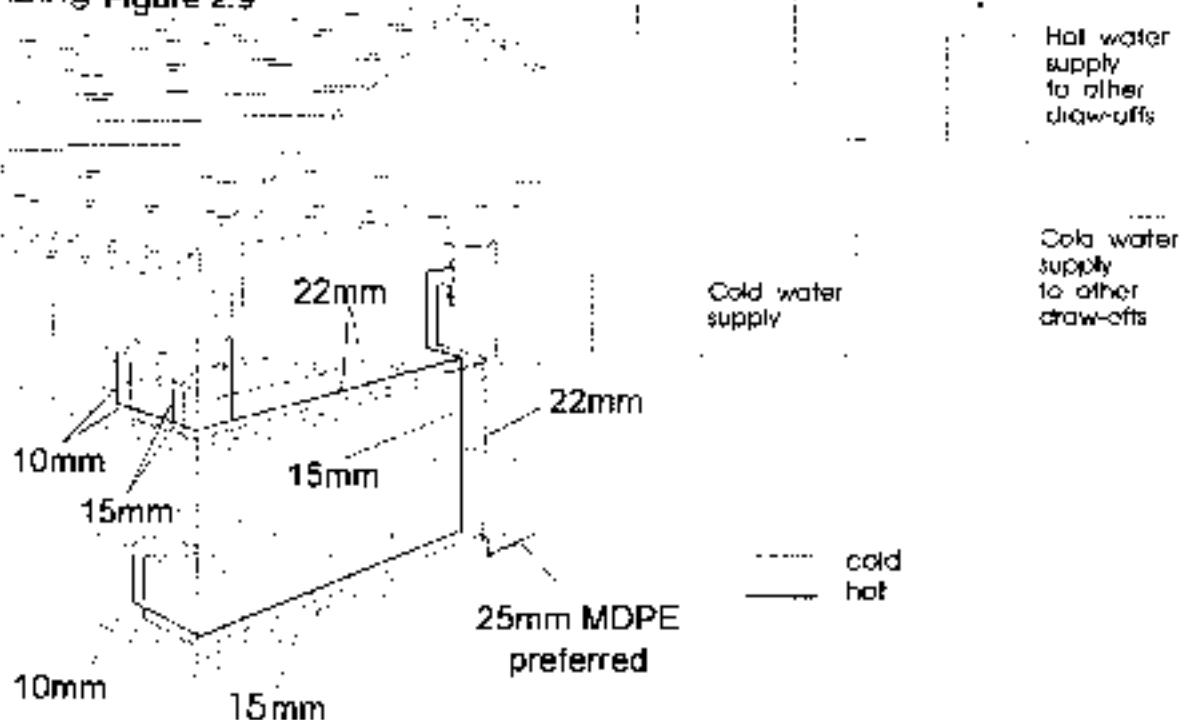
## NOTES

The flow and return from the boiler always run directly to the BoilerMate III and the flow should rise continuously to facilitate venting.

Where this is not possible, refer to pages 9 & 10

The heating circuit is taken from the BoilerMate III, and is piped in the conventional manner.

**Plumbing Figure 2.9**



# INSTALLATION

## INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

### Important Notes

- It is important that the appliance is installed on a level and even floor or if raised above the base should be continuously supported. If the support is timber, it shall be marine ply, type C4 chipboard to B.S.5669 or other material which will not deteriorate if exposed to moisture. Details of the appliance weight when full is provided in Table 1.1 of technical specifications.
- Installers are advised that the **combined feed and open vent pipe arrangement must not be used in BoilerMate installations.**
- It is recommended that any surface mounted heating and HWS pipework in the BoilerMate III cupboard **must be insulated** to reduce the standing losses and to prevent unnecessarily high cupboard temperatures. More heat is lost from the first metre of pipework than from the store.

**Note:** It is now a requirement of Part L of the Building Regulations that all hot water pipework within 1 metre of a hot water appliance is insulated.

- Notwithstanding the above, the cupboard temperatures are normally higher than in a conventional system and therefore the design of both the cupboard and the door should take this into account.
- The system operates on the normal primary flow and return temperatures (i.e. 22°C flow and 71°C return) of the boiler and should be installed and balanced in exactly the same way as any traditional hot water radiator or convactor system.
- All BoilerMate III models are for use with an open vented primary central heating system.

### Combined Feed and Expansion Cistern

- It is most important to adjust the fitted ballvalve whilst the system is cold to give a water level of 50mm above the feed outlet to the primary system. This is to allow adequate room for expansion, and the level is marked by a corrugation in the wall of the tank.
- A minimum of 225mm should be left above the unit to allow access to the ballvalve for servicing and adjustment in accordance with the Model Byelaws.

- A 22mm compression fitting is provided as standard in the feed and expansion cistern for the overflow/warning pipe, which should be no less than 20mm internal diameter.
- The overflow/warning pipe should be fitted to discharge clear of the building and be sited so that any overflow can be easily observed.
- The overflow/warning pipe should be installed in a material suitable for use with heating feed and expansion cisterns in accordance with BS 5449 and should not have any other connections to it.

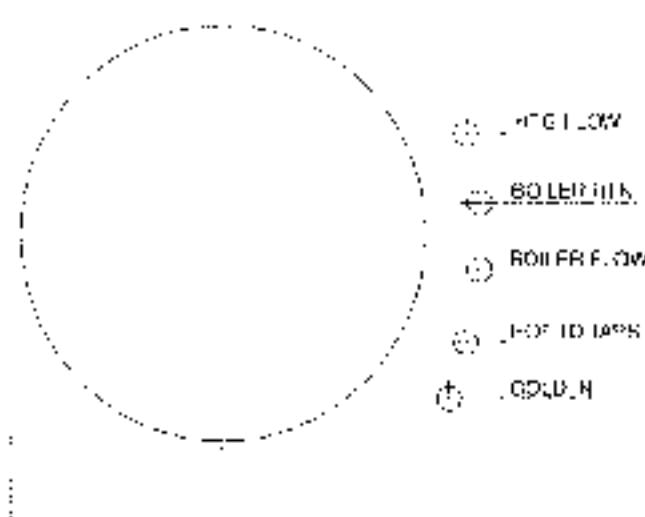


Figure 3.1 Typical arrangement of pipework in cylinder cupboard

### Plumbing Connections

- Make all water connections in accordance with the labelling on the thermal store and the associated pipework as shown in Figure 3.1.
- If a boiler is fitted above the thermal store a gravity check valve should be incorporated in the connecting pipework leading from the BoilerMate III to the boiler i.e. the boiler return.
- All factory made joints should be checked after installation in case they have been loosened during transit.

# INSTALLATION

## Domestic Hot Water Temperature

The electronic control system automatically regulates the domestic hot water outlet temperature to approximately 52°C and no adjustment or setting is necessary during installation.

## The Boiler Thermostat

This should always be set to **maximum** to give the best hot water and heating service and to achieve the highest efficiency and reduced boiler cycling by ensuring that the store thermostat will then be controlling the boiler.

## Range Rated Boiler

When a range rated boiler is used it should always be set at the **highest** output. The system efficiency will not be impaired while the recovery rate will be improved.

## Pump Settings / Replacement

1. The boiler/system pump should be set at a speed at which the temperature difference across the boiler is not greater than 10°C. This adjustment should be made when the space heating is off.
2. The domestic hot water plate heat exchanger pump should always be set at maximum speed.
3. If it is necessary to replace either of the two pumps fitted to the appliance the pump head (motor pack) only should be removed as recommended by the manufacturer (Grunfos). Assuming it is within warranty this will be accepted by a merchant as being under warranty as long as a complete pump i.e. alleged faulty motor pack and new base is left with the merchant. It is important when a pump has been replaced to ensure that any air is adequately vented.

## INSTALLATION IN TEN EASY STEPS

BoilerMate III installation is easier and quicker than a conventional vented system because there is no secondary feed and expansion cistern to install and no time is wasted in planning and installation of the controls and pumps in the cylinder cupboard.

1. Inspect the position in which BoilerMate III is to be fitted and check that the internal depth is at least 550mm and the width is 700mm for the model BM120, 600mm deep and 715mm wide for the model BM140 and 650mm deep and 770mm wide, for the BM180, BM200 and BM220 models. (See Figures 1.6 and 3.1).
2. Plan the pipe connections. Each fitting on the BoilerMate III has its own label. You need to connect the following pipes:-
  - a) Pumped flow and return pipes from the body of the BoilerMate III to the radiators.
  - b) Pumped flow and return pipes from the body of the BoilerMate III to the boiler.
  - c) Cold mains water supply connections to the inlet side of the plate heat exchanger and to the ball valve in the F & E cistern.
  - d) Domestic hot water supply pipe from the plate heat exchanger outlet to the taps.
  - e) Overflow/warning pipe from the F & E cistern to discharge in a conspicuous position externally.

3. If you are fitting the cistern remotely, check the route of the 22mm diameter open safety vent pipe and of the 15mm diameter feed and expansion pipe from the BoilerMate III to the cistern position. Also check the route of the overflow/warning pipe. All the BoilerMate III connections are clearly labelled.

When you have decided where the pipes are to be run, check the space for them inside the BoilerMate III compartment.

4. Decide at what stage in your installation work you are going to fit the BoilerMate III. We would suggest that the BoilerMate III should be fitted first and the pipes run from it to the boiler, radiators and domestic hot water supply system subsequently in that order. If the BoilerMate III is installed early in the construction process ensure it is adequately protected or removed and refitted later. If it is decided to install the BoilerMate later in the construction process, the first fix pipework should enter the cylinder cupboard as shown in Figure 3.1
5. Remember that the automatic heating system bypass is already fitted and no additional bypass should be fitted in the system.
6. Carry out the rest of the installation work, i.e. boiler, radiators and hot water supply pipework. Connect the cold water supply pipework.
7. Fill the BoilerMate III, radiators, boiler and pipework with water through the F & E cistern. Adjust the ball valve so that when cold the water shuts off at, or just below, the level mark on the side of the cistern. Flush the system out, fill and vent again.

# INSTALLATION

8. Open the domestic hot water isolating tap and establish flow through the laps etc. Check that the flow through all hot and cold water taps etc. is stopped when the mains water stop valve is closed.
9. The system now requires to be electrically connected.
10. The system is now ready to be commissioned

## WIRING THE SYSTEM

The BoilerMate III is pre-wired to a central control panel (see figure 3.2, page 18), and plumbers are well able to complete the electrical installation provided they adhere strictly to the IEE Regulations.

**Note:** Do not attempt the electrical work unless you are competent to carry it out to the above standards.

### Fused Isolator

1. Connection to the electrical supply must allow complete electrical isolation by installing a double pole switch having a 3mm separation on both sides.
2. The isolating switch must only serve the BoilerMate III space heating and hot water system together with its controls and must be located within 1 metre of the appliance.
3. The supply to the BoilerMate III must be fused at 3A

### To Wire the BoilerMate

Before commencing, ensure that the power source to which the BoilerMate is to be connected is isolated. The generic wiring procedure for the BoilerMate is described below.

1. Remove the white cover plate (4 screws) and run the external wiring through the grommets provided at the bottom of the white control panel.
2. From 3A fused and switched connection unit wire the mains power supply to the BoilerMate III storage appliance control PCB as follows:
  - 'Live' to terminal '1'
  - 'Neutral' to terminal '2'
  - 'Earth' to terminal '3'

3. Wire the boiler to the BoilerMate storage appliance control PCB as follows:-

- Take a 'Live' from the BoilerMate PCB terminal '7' to boiler 'Switched Live' terminal.
  - Take a 'Neutral' from the BoilerMate PCB terminal '5' to the boiler 'Neutral' terminal.
  - Take an 'Earth' from the BoilerMate PCB terminal '4' to the boiler 'Earth' terminal.
  - If the boiler requires a permanent live other than for a pump over-run, then this should be taken from terminal '6' on the BoilerMate PCB.
4. The link between BoilerMate PCB terminals '26' and '28' should be removed if a room thermostat is to be fitted.
  5. When the wiring is complete, replace the front cover plate (4 screws).

# INSTALLATION

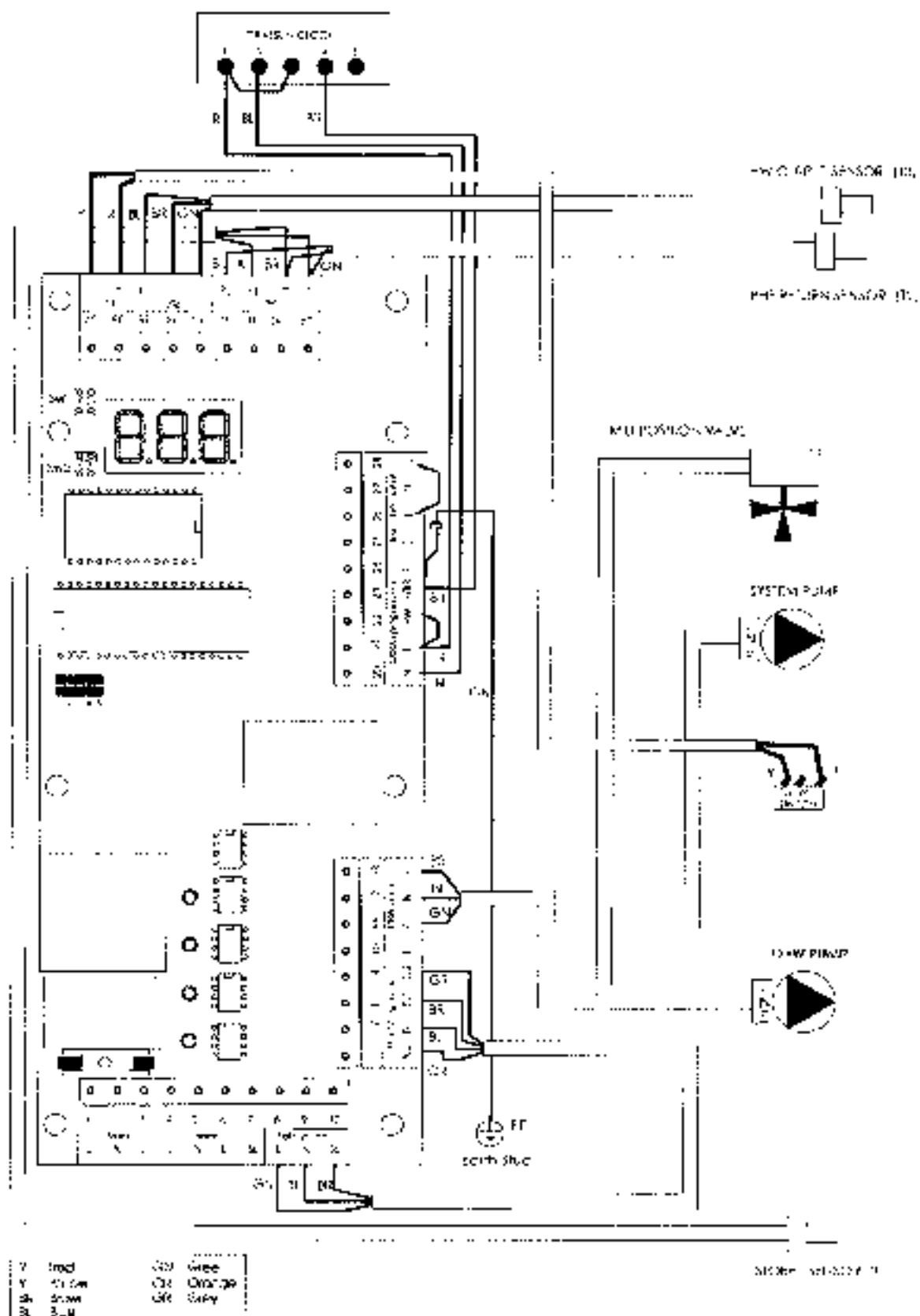


Figure 3.2 Schematic wiring diagram.

# INSTALLATION

## To Wire the Room Thermostat



Fig 3.3

1. Remove link L1 from terminals 26 and 28.
2. Connect cables from the room thermostat as shown in figure 3.3.

## To wire a single channel space heating clock (no clock option)

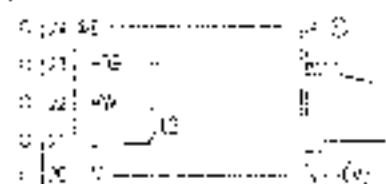


Fig 3.4

- Connect neutral from PCB (term 20) to neutral terminal on the clock.
- Connect live from PCB (term 21) to live terminal on the clock.
- Connect earth from PCB (term 24) to earth terminal on the clock.
- Connect switched live (heating) from the clock to terminal 23 on the PCB.
- Ensure that link L2 between terminals 21 and 22 is inserted.

## Frost Protection

1. When frost protection is required for the whole house or where a base temperature is required during cold weather, then a frost thermostat should be wired across BoilerMate PCB terminals '21' and '28'.
2. An alternative to fitting a frost thermostat would be to set the programmer to constant during the cold weather period, and adjust the room thermostat to a suitable setting.
3. When frost protection is required for the boiler circuit only a change over type pipe thermostat should be fitted on the primary return pipe adjacent to the boiler and wired into the boiler/system pump live as shown below.



## Delay Timer

This facility is provided within the system control appliance control PCB.

## OVERNIGHT SHUT DOWN

The most effective service from the thermal storage system (BoilerMate II) is achieved when the boiler is on demand for twenty four hours under the control of the store thermostat.

In special circumstances the system can be wired to isolate the boiler overnight using the method described below.

## Remote fitting two channel clock

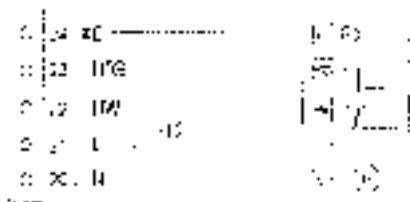


Fig 3.5

- Remove link L2 in PCB terminals 21 and 22.
- Connect N from terminal 20 to clock N terminal.
- Connect L from PCB terminal 21 to clock L terminal.
- Connect E from PCB terminal 24 to clock E terminal.
- Connect HW live from clock to terminal 22 on PCB.
- Connect heating live from clock to terminal 23 on PCB.

# COMMISSIONING

## COMMISSIONING THE SYSTEM

It is essential that the system functions properly for optimum performance. To achieve this, the primary system should be commissioned in accordance with good practice and generally in accordance with the requirements of BS6700, BS6149 and BS7593: 1992.

### Cleansing the Primary System

1. Ensure that the float is correctly adjusted to close the ball valve at the water level line inside the F & E cistern.
2. Fill the system and flush cold.
3. Refill the system.
4. Add a cleanser such as Sentinel X300 or Fernox Restorer/Superloc to ensure that flux residues and installation debris are removed from the system. (*When determining the quantity of cleanser required, be sure to allow for the increased volume of water in the primary circuit due to the thermal store - see Table 1.1 for volumes*).
5. In most cases the following quantities will be adequate for a typical 3/4 bedroom property.

Model	Volume to be added to the system (litres)	
	Cleansing agent	
	Sentinel X300	Fernox Superloc
BM120	1½	3
BM140	1½	6½
BM180	2	7½
BM200	2½	9
BM220	3	9

When using either cleansing or corrosion inhibitor chemical, the manufacturers instructions must be followed.

6. Commission the boiler.
  - a) If the boiler is range rated, then adjust it to the **maximum** heat input.
  - b) Set the boiler/system pump speed so that the temperature difference across the boiler is **less than 10°C**.
  - c) Set the boiler thermostat to maximum.
7. To ensure full cleansing, circulation to all parts of the system should continue for a **minimum** of 1 hour.
8. Flush the system hot having checked that there is no overflow when the system is up to temperature.

9. Refill the system.

10. Switch on and check the operation of the immersion heater (if fitted).
11. Ensure that the 3 port motorized valve is in Auto position (i.e. not in manual locked position).
12. Ensure that the automatic bypass valve is set correctly to give approximately 10°C temperature rise across the boiler when the space heating is on.

### Primary Water System Treatment

1. Although the standard BoilerMate III has no special water treatment requirements, the radiators and other parts of the circuit will benefit from the application of a scale and corrosion inhibitor such as Sentinel X100 or a Protector such as Fernox MB1.
2. When determining the quantity of inhibitor required, be sure to allow for the increased volume of water in the primary circuit due to the thermal store - see Table 1.1 for volumes.
3. In most cases the following quantities will be suitable for a typical 3/4 bed property

Model	Volume to be added to the system (litres)	
	Corrosion inhibitor agent	
	Sentinel X100	Fernox MB1
BM120	1½	1½
BM140	1½	1½
BM180	2	2
BM200	2½	2½
BM220	3	3

When using either cleansing or corrosion inhibitor chemical, the manufacturers instructions must be followed.

Peel and paste 'boiler thermostat' label on suitable prominent location on the boiler.

### Cleansing Hot/Cold Water System Treatment

1. Fully flush and chlorinate the hot and cold water system in accordance with the recommendations in the Model Water Bylaws and BS6700.
2. Before finally filling the system check and clean the filter basket in the Y type strainer.

# COMMISSIONING

## COMMISSIONING THE BOILERMATE CONTROL SYSTEM

For maximum system efficiency the store thermostat must be in control of the boiler i.e. the boiler cycles on the store thermostat and not on its integral thermostat.

The BoilerMate control system will automatically commission itself to match the actual performance of the installed boiler. The control system must be checked and initialised as follows:

1. Set the boiler thermostat to MAXIMUM
2. Switch off heating on the programmer / room thermostat.
3. Switch off hotwater on the programmer if fitted.
4. Initialise the system as follows:-

- (i) Switch off mains.
- (ii) Press and hold sw1 and sw2 push button.
- (iii) Switch on mains.
- (iv) Release switches sw1 and sw2.

PCB response

- (i) LED display will indicate program version number e.g.

- (ii) All outputs (indicated by green LED's on PCB) will be switched ON then OFF at 5s intervals.

- (iii) Display will change to normal mode e.g.

- (iv) The system will start to operate

# COMMISSIONING

5. Check the operation of the controls as follows -
  - (i) Switch on hot water on two channel clock if fitted.
    - a. Horizontal LED bar 2 'store' will light on LED display (if two channel clock not fitted then it will be permanently on).
    - b. Boiler and pump will run and green LED's 1 and 2 will switch on.
  - (ii) Switch on space heating (programmer & room thermostat)
    - a. Horizontal LED bar 1 'HT' will light.
    - b. With pre version 19 programme:
      - i) Green LED 3 on PCB will switch on.
      - ii) 3-port valve will move to mid position.
    - c. With version 19 onward programme if the store temperature is greater than 60°C, then
      - i) Green LED 3 on the PCB will switch on.
      - ii) 3-port valve will move to mid position
  - (iii) Switch off space heating on programmer or room thermostat
    - a. Horizontal LED bar 1 'HT' will switch off.
    - b. Green LED 3 on the PCB will switch off.
    - c. 3 port valve will spring return to normal (i.e. hot water) position
  - (iv) Open the hot water tap
    - a. Horizontal LED bar 3 (bottom) on the LED display will light.
    - b. Domestic hot water pump will run.
  - (v) Close the hot water tap
    - a. Horizontal LED bar 3 will switch off.
    - b. Domestic hot water pump will switch off.
6. Control functions have now been checked. Let the boiler heat the store and when the store is satisfied, i.e. commissioned green LED's 1 and 2 are off, the radiator circuit and hot water can be checked and balanced if required.
7. The temperature settings established during commissioning can be checked using push button switches sw1 and sw2 on the PCB as shown on page 25.

## IMPORTANT DO'S AND DON'TS

1. **DO** check the incoming mains water pressure. The preferred range of mains pressure is 2 – 3bar
2. **DO** check that all connections are in accordance with the labelling on the thermal store.
3. **DO** adjust the ballvalve so that the water level in the F & E cistern when the system is cold is at or just below the level mark inside the cistern.
4. **DO** make sure that there is adequate clearance above the F & E tank to service the ballvalve
5. **DO** ensure that the range rated appliances are set at the **highest output** and the boiler thermostat is set to **maximum** for all boilers.
6. **DO** ensure that the water level in the expansion cistern is at least 250mm above the highest point on the radiator circuit or the highest point of the system
7. **DO** insulate any exposed pipework in the BoilerMate cupboard.
8. **DO** plumb the overflow/warning pipe in a 20mm internal diameter pipe material which is suitable for use with a heating F & E cistern, in accordance with BS 5449 (such as copper) and ensure it discharges in a conspicuous external position.
9. **DO** check the pump settings
  - a) The boiler/system pump should be set to give a temperature difference across the boiler of 10°C or less.
  - b) The hot water plate heat exchanger pump should be set at **maximum**.
10. **DO** ensure that the filter basket in the Y type strainer is removed cleaned and replaced prior to handover of the system.
11. **DO** ensure that the 3 part valve is in Auto position.
12. **DO** ensure that the bypass valve is set correctly.
13. **DON'T** use a combined feed and vent on BoilerMate installations.
14. **DON'T** use a BoilerMate on a sealed primary i.e. closed system.
15. **DON'T** use pipe smaller than 28mm between the boiler and the BoilerMate when the boiler rating exceeds 20kW (about 68,000 Btu/h).
16. **DON'T** Use dipped flow and return between the boiler and the BoilerMate unless the boiler is fitted with an overheat thermostat. If necessary check with the suppliers

# FAULT FINDING/DIAGNOSTICS

## FAULTS AND THEIR CAUSES

Any fault in the system design and malfunction of system components will generate customer complaints. These complaints can be grouped into the following three main categories:-

- a) The system is noisy
- b) Hot water service is unsatisfactory
- c) Space heating is unsatisfactory

### Causes of a 'Noisy' System

1. Noisy pump operation
  - a) Check the level of water in the F & E cistern – adjust and vent the pump/system if necessary.
  - b) Check the pump speed setting of the system/boiler pump – reduce if necessary but ensure that the temperature rise across the boiler does not exceed 10°C.
  - c) If system is noisy when in heating mode – check and adjust if necessary the heating system bypass valve.
  - d) Check that the radiators are correctly balanced.
2. Noisy boiler operation
  - a) Check the flow rate through the boiler at full gas rate by measuring the temperature rise across the boiler. If the temperature rise is greater than 10°C, then increase the pump speed.
  - b) Check the level of water in the F & E cistern and the working head on the boiler.
  - c) Check and vent the system if necessary
3. Noise when hot water tap is opened
  - a) If the plate heat exchanger pump is noisy when the hot water tap is opened, then check the level of water in the F & E cistern and vent the pump if necessary.
  - b) Water hammer – loose pipe work and/or tap washers.

### Causes of 'Unsatisfactory Hot Water Service'

- a) Check boiler thermostat – this should be set at maximum.
- b) Check that the boiler flow temperature is adequate when it is switched off by either the internal or store thermostat – it should not be less than 80°C
- c) If a separate hot water programmer or a two channel programmer is fitted, then check that the hot water 'on time' periods are set correctly to match the demand pattern in a dwelling.

- d) Check that the store is charging to at least 75°C – if not then recommission.
- e) Check that the hot water plate heat exchanger pump stops and starts when the hot water tap is opened and closed.
- f) Check that the plate heat exchanger pump is set at maximum speed.
- g) Check that the hot water outlet temperature does not change significantly when the hot water flow rate is increased from say 5l/min to 15l/min.
- h) Check that the filter before the flow switch is not blocked – clean if necessary.
- i) Check that the space heating and hot water load is not greater than the boiler output and that the BoilerMate III model is suitable for the type of dwelling.
- j) If 'a' to 'i' are correct then it is possible that the performance of the heat exchanger is impaired by scale. In this case the hot water flow rate will be noticeably less than the cold water flow rate. Replace it with a factory exchange unit and re-check hot water performance.

### Causes of 'Unsatisfactory Space Heating'

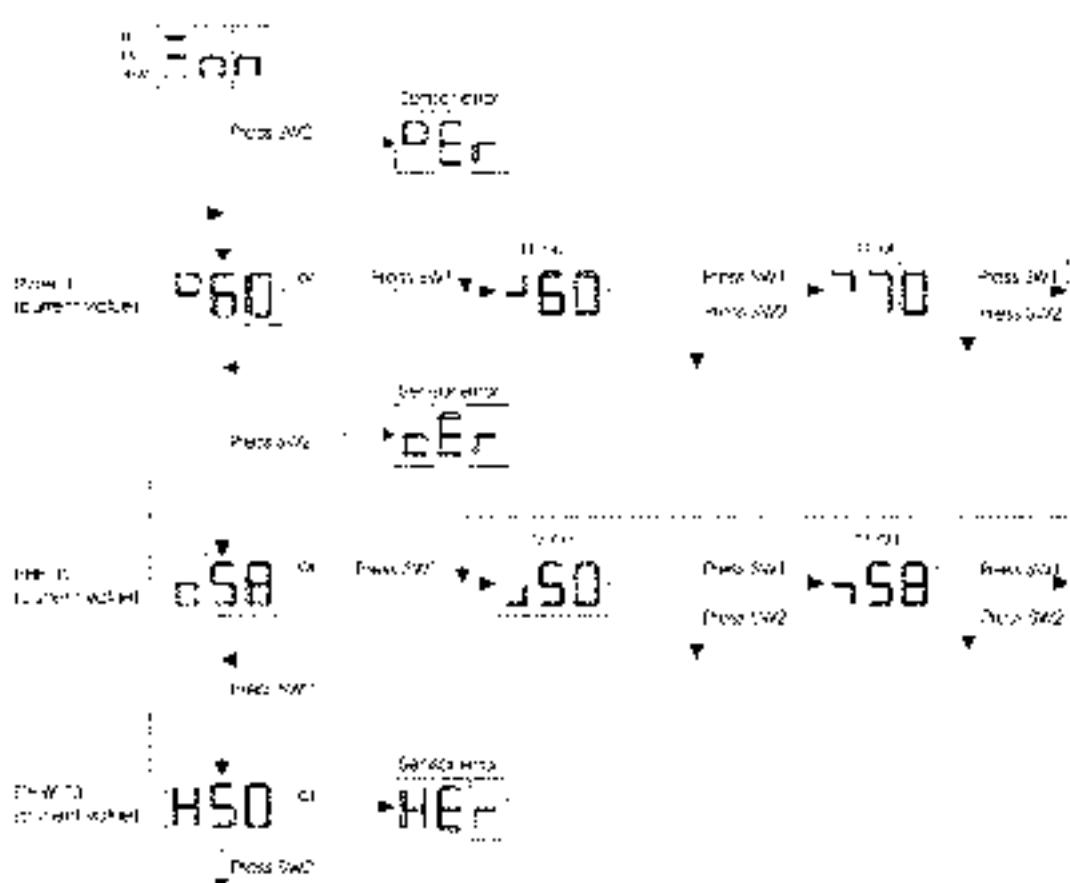
- a) Check the boiler thermostat – this should be set at maximum.
- b) Check that the boiler flow temperature before it is switched off by its internal or the store thermostat is adequate – it should not be less than 80°C.
- c) Check the operation and the settings of the heating programmer and the room thermostat.
- d) Check that the 3 port flow share valve is functioning and that the system/boiler pump is circulating the water to the radiator circuit.
- e) If some rooms are not being heated properly, then balance the system.

### Overflow From Feed & Expansion Cistern

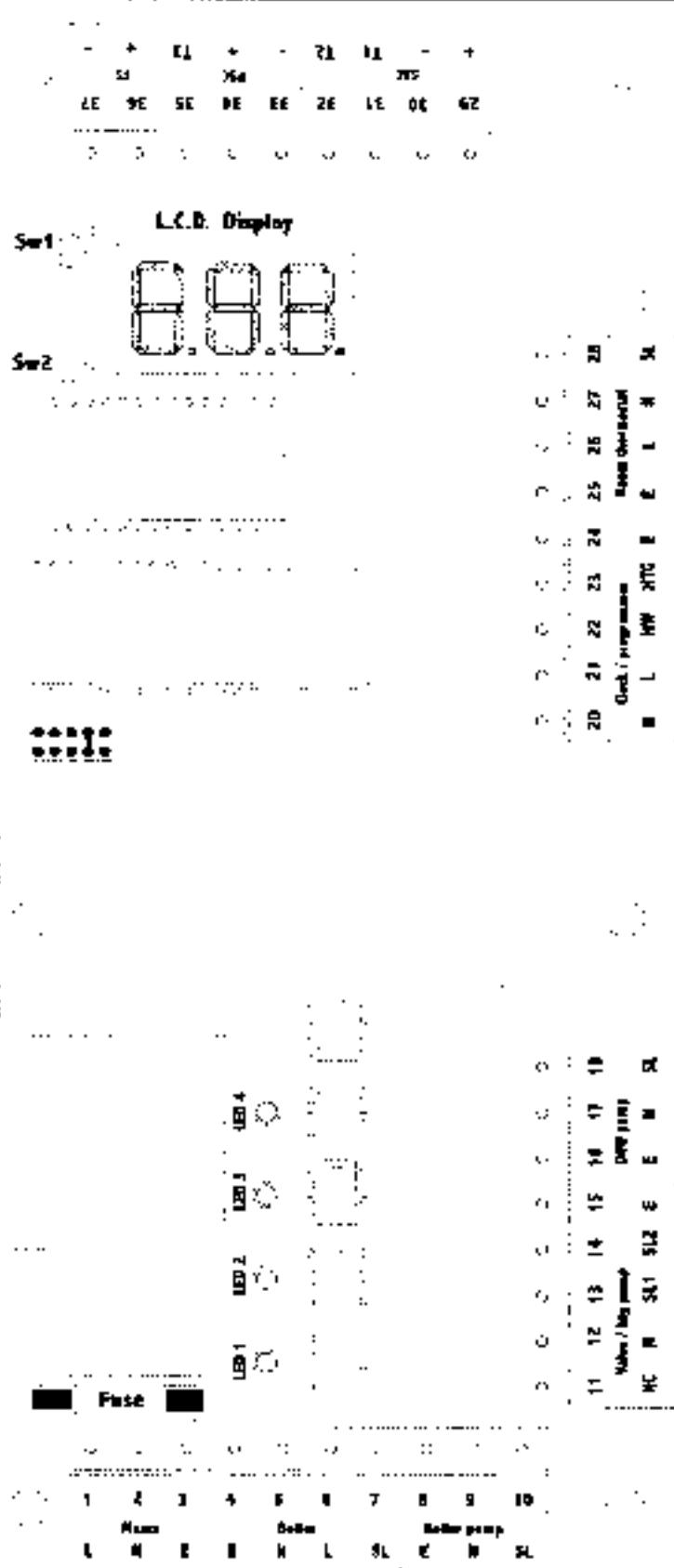
- a) Check that the controlled level of water in the cistern is no higher than the indentation mark. Adjust if necessary.
- b) If replacement ballvalve is required, then this should be obtained only from Gedhill Water Storage Ltd.

# FAULT FINDING/DIAGNOSTICS

## SW1 & SW2 Functions



# FAULT FINDING/DIAGNOSTICS



## Jumpers

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| 1 - off | 4 - on  |
| 2 - off | 5 - off |
| 3 - off |         |

## Note

If any jumpers are moved or replaced the appliance must be re-initialised.

# APPENDIX 5

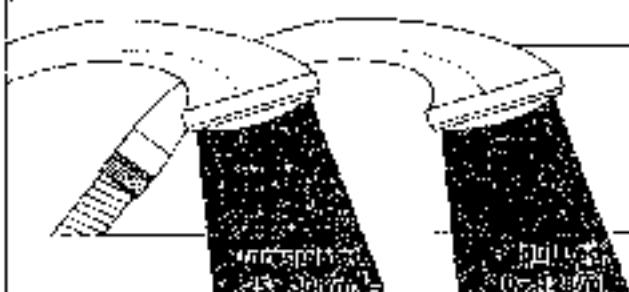
## WATER SAVINGS

WATER RELATED COSTS CAN BE REDUCED BY GOOD PLUMBING PRACTICE.

### TAPS & MIXERS



### SHOWERS



Vast quantities of water are needlessly run off to waste due to Taps, Mixers and Showers discharging flow rates far in excess of the rates required for them to perform their duties.

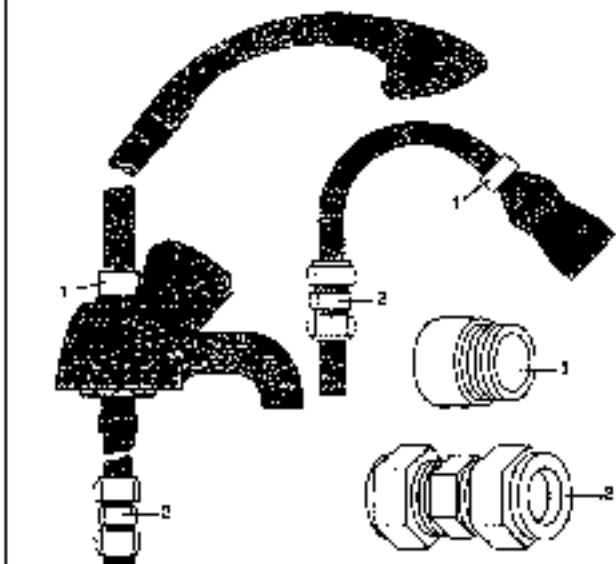
The contrasting flow rates shown on this leaflet clearly illustrate the savings that can be made whilst still providing a good performance.

British made AQUAFLOW REGULATORS provide constant flow rates by automatically compensating for supply pressure changes between 1 bar & 10 bars.

To facilitate installation into the wide range of plumbing equipment which is encountered in the U.K, FOUR FIXING OPTIONS are available:-

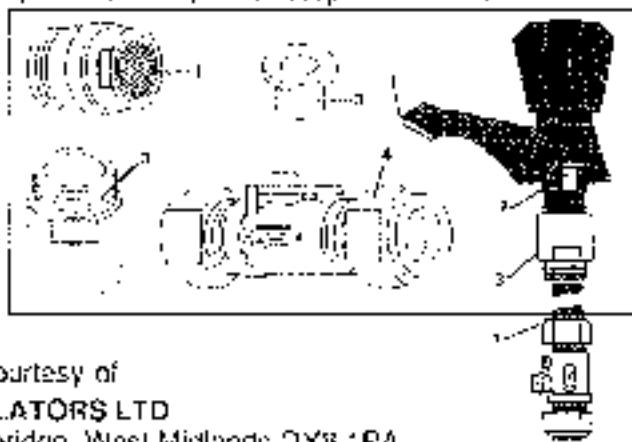
### OPTIONS FOR SHOWERS

1. MXF "OW" RANGE - For fitting behind Fixed Shower Heads or onto Flexible Hoses for Handshowers (preferably onto the inlet end when lightweight hoses are used).
2. COMPRESSION FITTING RANGE. "In Line" regulators as in Option 4 for Taps & Mixers.



### 4 FIXING OPTIONS FOR TAPS & MIXERS

1. MK RANGE - Combined Regulators & Aerators for screwing onto Taps & Mixers with internal or external threads on their noses. Anti Vandal models also available.
2. MR05-T RANGE - Internal Regulators. Push fit into Tap or Mixer seats. Produced in three sizes - 12.5mm (BS1010), 12mm & 10mm. Flangeless models also available for Taps with Low Lift washers.
3. MXF STANDARD RANGE - Screw on tail models for Taps & Mixers. Fix onto the tails before fitting the tap connectors. Available in 3/8", 1/2", 3/4" and 1" BSP.
4. COMPRESSION FITTING RANGE - "In Line" regulators housed in 15mm & 22mm CXC COUPLERS & ISOLATING VALVES. UK WFRS LISTED BY THE WATER RESEARCH CENTRE. Isolation valves available for slotted screwdriver operation or with coloured plastic handles. Now available also in plastic bodied push-fit couplers & valves.



Information by courtesy of  
AQUAFLOW REGULATORS LTD  
Haywood House, 40 New Road, Shourbridge, West Midlands DY8 1PA  
Telephone (01384) 442611 Fax (01384) 442612

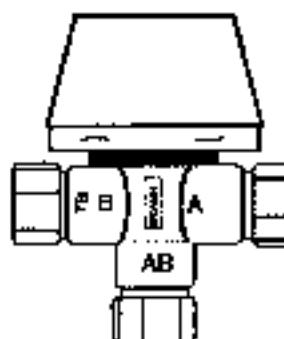
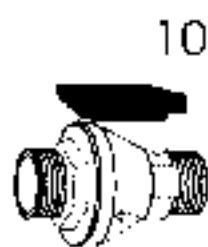
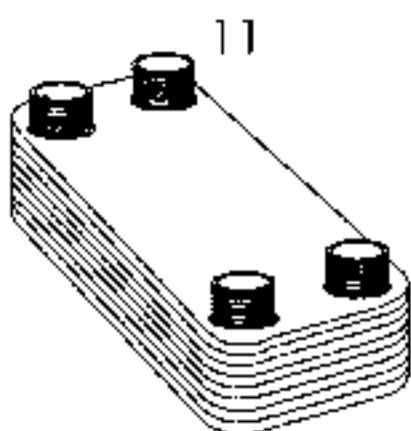
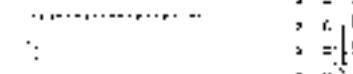
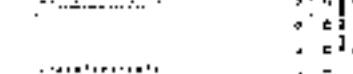
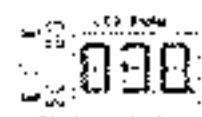
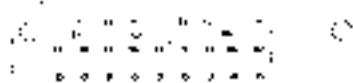
# SHORT PARTS LIST

Key No.	Description	Manufacturer	Stock Code No.	Gas Council Part No.
1	Ball float		FT429	
2	Ballvalve		FT207	
3	22mm ball-o-fix valve		GT024	
4	Y type strainer		XB314	
5	3/4" F/F single check valve		GT041	
6	Grundfos 15/50 pump with 1" connections		GT105	
7	Grundfos 15/50 pump with 1 1/2" connections			XB001
8	22mm ball-type pump valve		XB121	
9	28mm ball-type pump valve		XB122	
10	Flow switch		GT106	
11	Plate heat exchanger		GT017	
12	Appliance control board (ACB)		GT155	
13	Store sensor		GT149	
14	PHE return sensor		GT149	
15	Pump speed sensor		GT153	
16	Grasslin electro-mechanical clock		XB215	
17	Grasslin digital clock		XB216	
18	22mm 3 part mid position valve Danfoss HS3B			XG130
19	28mm 3 part mid position valve Danfoss HS3B2A		XG142	
20	Grundfos 15/60 pump		XB241	
21	22mm By-pass valve		XG156	
22	Water mixing valve - Brawa			XC007

# PARTS



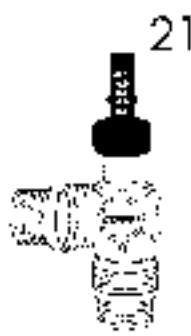
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